Session 4

# Preparing to Work with Children in Schools

# Learning Outcomes

**Recap Session 3** 

**Identify Open and closed questions** 

**Define emotional development** 

Describe examples of how to provide for children's emotional needs

**Recognise the importance of feelings and needs** 

**Identify different roles in a school** 

# What is a closed question?

# **Closed** questions

What is a closed question?

A closed question can be answered with either a single word or a short phrase.

- A closed question can be answered with either 'yes' or 'no'.
- •Are you all right?
- •Is this the right way to do it?
- •Are you interested in films or do you prefer sport?

Closed questions do the following:

- •Give you facts.
- •Are easy to answer.
- •Are quick to answer. .

## What is an open question?

# **Open Questions**

## What is an open question?

An open question can not be answered in a single word or phrase and is likely to receive a long answer.

- You appear upset. Lets sit down and talk about it?
- How, exactly, do you do this?
- Tell me about your favourite sport?

Open questions do the following:
Ask the other person to think and reflect.
Give you *opinions* and *feelings*.
Invites the other person to talk

## **Open questions start with :**

What How When Tell me Why

## **Closed questions start with:**

Do Are Is Should Did Can When do we use a closed question?

If we want .....

When do we use an open questions?

If we want.....

Complete the assessment booklet task 4.1 & 4.2 Examples of open questions State advantages of using open questions

## What is Emotional Development?

# What is Emotional Development

The child's growing ability to:

•identify and understand their own feelings

accurately read and understand the feelings of others

manage the way they feel

shape the way they behave

•develop empathy for others, and build and keep good relationships with friends, family and others.

## **Identify a child's feelings**

# Read each situation and match up to what you think the child may be feeling

- 1. Someone took my pencil case
- 2. I got told off but I was not doing anything
- 3. We are going on a school trip..Horrah!
- 4. I was given an award today
- 5. It is the end of the week .... weekend begins!
- 6. The teacher did not explain what we had to do
- I forgot it was non school uniform day and I'm the only one wearing my uniform
- 8. I was not chosen for the school play
- 9. I am going to have to read out aloud in assembly10. No one wants to play with me

Happy Confused Excited Lonely Disappointed Scared Sad Proud Angry **Embarrassed** 

# Five Emotional Needs of Children

	Attention		Approval	
	paying an interest		a	giving greement
		Comfort		
		provide		
Support		reassurance		
giving encouragement				Security providing protection

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ikehX9o1Jbl

S E learning what and why?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DqNn9qWoO1M

5 keys to SE Learning

# What is Emotional Intelligence?

# What is Emotional Intelligence?

To encourage people's awareness of their feelings and ability to manage them.

Five key areas of emotional intelligence.

"self-awareness" to recognise your feelings as they happen;

#### "motivation"

to use the emotions to pursue a goal, staying hopeful even in the face of setbacks;

### "managing emotions"

to manage your emotional reactions control impulses and recover from upsets; "empathy" sensitivity to other people's feelings;

### "communication"

social skills such as leadership, teamwork, and confidence in dealing with other people. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ikehX9o1Jbl

S E learning what and why?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DqNn9qWoO1M

5 keys to SE Learning

Complete course booklet task 3.1 Why it is important to a child that their feelings and needs are acknowledged

# Who is who in your school!

#### **Early Years Practitioner**

**HEADTEACHER** 

TEACHING ASSISTANT

**SITE MANAGER** 

SENCO



**CLASS TEACHER** 

Match the role cards with the correct responsibility for each staff member